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gps
allianceTM

**ANNUAL
REPORT 2018**

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CORPORATE PROFILE

GPS Alliance Holdings Limited (GPS) was incorporated in New South Wales as a public company limited by shares on 25 March 2013. GPS holds the entire issued capital of the Singapore investment holding company, GPS Alliance Holdings Pte. Ltd., a Singapore incorporated private company limited by shares.

GPS aims to position itself as a market leader in every aspect of the real estate industry, as well as creating borderless strategic alliances which span across the Asian region. Since its establishment in September 2010, with a vision for making positive waves in the industry.

GPS won one of the Top 5 SME1 Asia Awards in 2012 in the Emerging Award category and received the Most Promising Entrepreneurs Award at the Global Entrepreneurs Roundtable 2012 (GER 2012) held in Malaysia. GER 2012 brought together entrepreneurs, investors and business leaders from across the world to share and celebrate entrepreneurship. In 2013, GPS continued to receive more award recognition – Midas Touch Asia Platinum Award 2013 and Singapore Brands Award 2013/2014. In 2014, GPS again achieved Midas Touch Asia Platinum Award 2014, won Asia Excellence Award 2014 and the renowned Singapore Prestige Brand Award 2014 – Promising Brand.

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Dear Shareholders,

FY2018 was a year of change and transition. In line with the Group's vision to streamline business operations to achieve maximum profits in today's challenging business environment, it gives me great pleasure to highlight the positive outcomes of the Group's strategic restructuring and business opportunities.

The Group garnered other income of approximately \$3.4 million in FY2018 through the restructuring and discontinuation dormant business functions. The strategic streamlining of operations has achieved a total profit of \$0.81 million from continuing operations, even after accounting for the gross loss of \$0.44 million, upon the exclusion of other income contribution for FY2018. The Group's profit from continuing operations increased by 153% from FY2017 profit of \$0.32 million.

Moving forward, we will continue striving to capitalize on current active business operations and seek out new opportunities which leverages on the Group's expertise and services. Constant evaluation of the Group would continue to underlie the Group's growth as we continue to look outwards and forwards for opportunities and projects.

The Group is assured and confident that following through from FY2017 to FY2018, FY2019 will continue to be a step in the right direction for the growth and success of the Group.

Appreciation

The Board would like to take this opportunity to express its gratitude and heartfelt appreciation to all staff, shareholders, business partners and associates who have contributed to the Group in FY2018. The treasured relation and support from our stakeholders have been invaluable through the change and growth in FY2018. We look forward to your continued support in FY2019 and the subsequent years ahead.

Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)

Executive Chairman

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



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1. LIM PANG HERN (JEFFREY)

Executive Chairman

Lim Pang Hern started as an apprentice in the Material Handling Department with a German Company. In 1998, he was promoted to Senior Service Executive heading Material Handling and Engineering Departments.

He founded BD CraneTech Pte Ltd, a company specialist in Hoist and Crane in 1991. Under his leadership, the company proudly received the SME 500 Award in 2009 and 2013

as well as the 2012 Enterprise 50 Award.

With his vast knowledge and experiences, he now has a group of companies with diverse business in cranes, properties, marine, precast, galvanizing and construction.

Currently, Jeffrey is the Executive Director and Deputy Chairman of Lorenzo International Limited.

Jeffrey attained his City & Guild Diploma in Electrical Engineering

in 1988 and received his Master in Technological Entrepreneurship from SIM University of Singapore in 2011.

2. DAVID RICHARD LAXTON

Non - executive Director

David Laxton graduated from the University of Surrey Guildford, UK with BSc Honours in Mechanical Engineering and he is bilingual with a good command of Bahasa Indonesia. David started his career with Blue Circle Industries PLC in UK and was subsequently seconded to an Indonesian cement manufacturer

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

in 1986 as Chief Mechanical Engineer at the young age of 27. After working 8 years in this role in Indonesia as well as business development role, he left employment and started up his own business in a wide variety of industries, such as prawn farming, shipping and business consultancy. In 1999, he setup a bulk material handling facilities in Singapore for the RDC Group which led him to arrange a group of investors to finance a management buyout of the RDC group with ready-mix and precast operations globally.

In 2004, he took part in the purchase of a distressed group of quarry companies and remains a shareholder and director to this day.

Today, David sits on the board of various private companies in Singapore.

3. MARCELO MORA

Non-executive Director

Marcelo Mora graduated with a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance, is a Chartered Secretary (AGIA). Mr Mora has been an accountant for more than 30 years both in Australia and internationally, providing financial reporting and company secretarial services to a range of publicly listed companies in Australia. Mr Mora has been GPS's Company Secretary since May 2014.

4. ANDREW SKINNER

Non-executive Director

Andrew Skinner has been in public practice as a Chartered Accountant and CPA for over 36 years. He has specialised in small business and superannuation taxation planning for many years and is currently principal of Andrew Skinner & Associates Pty Ltd a CPA Public Practice. Andrew is also a Justice of Peace and a Registered Tax Agent.

In 2004 Andrew was the founding director of Augur Resources Ltd, which went on to list on the

ASX (AUK). Andrew's extensive experience with mineral exploration companies resulted in his appointment as a director of Zamia Metals Ltd (ZGM), which listed on the ASX in January 2007 and he remains on that Board as Executive Chairman and has been instrumental in the success of the business.

Andrew is a Sessional Lecturer at Macquarie University in the School of Accounting and Corporate Governance teaching in the fields of Enterprise Risk Management, Sustainability Reporting and Business Ethics and Corporate Governance. He is currently enrolled in a Master of Research in Accounting with a research interest in corporate governance particularly in director social and relationship capital.

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GPS ALLIANCE HOLDINGS LIMITED
ACN 163 013 947

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The board ('Board') is committed to maintaining the highest standards of Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance concerns having a set of core values and behaviours that underpin the Company's activities and ensure transparency, fair dealing and protection of the interests of stakeholders. The Company has reviewed its corporate governance practices against the *Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations* (3rd edition) published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council.

The Company's 2018 Corporate Governance statement is dated 28 March 2019 and reflects the corporate governance practices adopted throughout the 2018 financial year. The Board approved the 2018 corporate governance on 28 March 2019. A description of the Company's current corporate governance practices is set out in the Company's corporate governance statement, which can be viewed at [http://www.gpsalliance.com.au/corporate profile/Corporate policies](http://www.gpsalliance.com.au/corporate/profile/Corporate%20policies).

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORS' REPORT

This Directors' Report ('Report') by the Board of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited ('GPS' or 'the Company') is made pursuant to the provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cwlth) for the year ended 31 December 2018 and is accompanied by the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ('the Group'), for the year ended 31 December 2018.

INFORMATION ABOUT DIRECTORS & SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The name and particulars of each person who has been a Director of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Particulars</u>
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Group Executive Chairman, Founder of BD CraneTech, joined the Board on 1 July 2014 as Executive Director. On 1 June 2016 he was appointed as Group Executive Chairman. He has diverse experience in industries associated with cranes, commercial property construction, marine construction, precast concrete applications, metals galvanizing.
David R. Laxton	Chartered Mechanical Engineer, joined the Board on 8 Aug 2014 in a non-executive, non-independent capacity, and subsequently re-designated as Executive Director on 4 Jan 2016. He resigned as Executive Director and became Non-Executive Director on 14 June 2018.
Wang Jinhui	Vice President of China Zhonghong Enterprise Group and CEO of Hebei Tourism Group, she joined the Board on 29 Apr 2015 as Executive Director and resigned from the Board on 14 June 2018.
Andrew Skinner	Certified Practising Accountant (CPA) joined the Board as Non-Executive Director on 20 May 2016. He has been in public practice as a Chartered Accountant and CPA for over 38 years and is currently principal of Andrew Skinner & Associates Pty Ltd a CPA Public Practice in Sydney, NSW.
Marcelo Mora	Graduated with a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance, is a Chartered Secretary. He has been an accountant for more than 30 years both in Australia and internationally and he is also the Group Company Secretary and joined the Board as Non-Executive Director on 20 May 2016.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

DIRECTORSHIPS OF OTHER LISTED COMPANIES

Directorships of other listed companies held by directors in the 3 years immediately before the end of the financial year are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Company</u>	<u>Period of directorship</u>
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Lorenzo International Limited	Since - 2015
Andrew Skinner	Dome Gold Mines Ltd	July 2011 to 30 June 2017
	Zamia Gold Mines Limited	Since - 2006
Marcelo Mora	Lorenzo International Limited	Since - 2017

ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE BENEFITS BY MEANS OF THE ACQUISITION OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of the financial year nor at any time during the financial year did there subsist any arrangement whose object was to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures in any entity in the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND DEBENTURES

The directors of the Company holding office at the end of the financial year had no interests in the share capital and debentures of the Company and related corporations as recorded in the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company except as follows:

Shareholdings registered in name of director			
Name of director and companies in which interests are held	At beginning of year, or date of appointment, if later	Issued or purchased during the year	At end of year, or date of resignation, if earlier
GPS Alliance Holdings Limited (ordinary shares)			
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	6,955,429	-	6,955,429
Andrew Skinner	140,000	-	140,000
Wang Jinhui *	9,750,000	-	9,750,000

* Ms Wang Jinhui held 9,750,000 ordinary shares at the time of her resignation on 14 June 2018.

DIRECTORS' RECEIPT AND ENTITLEMENT TO CONTRACTUAL BENEFITS

During the year ended 31 December 2018, Lim Pang Hern had an equity interest in BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd which provided administration services, including rental accommodation, administrative staff and services to GPS Alliance Holdings Pte Ltd and Global Property Strategic Alliance Pte Ltd, subsidiaries of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited. Fees paid and payable to BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd during the year amounted to S\$62,920. At the end of the year the amount outstanding was S\$97,129. The balances are unsecured, interest free, repayable on demand and expected to be settled in cash unless stated otherwise.

The Group provided real estate and other services to BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd during the financial year. Fee paid and payable from BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd during the year amounted to S\$27,440. At the end of the year the outstanding amount was S\$24,974. The balances are unsecured, interest free, repayable on demand and expected to be settled in cash unless stated otherwise.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

SHARE OPTIONS

- (a) *Option to take up unissued shares*
During the financial year, no option to take up unissued shares of the Company was granted.
- (b) *Option exercised*
During the financial year, there were no shares of the Company issued by virtue of the exercise of an option to take up unissued shares.
- (c) *Unissued shares under option*
At the end of the financial year, there were no unissued shares of the Company under option.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Marcelo Mora, whose brief biography is stated above, was appointed to the position of Company Secretary on 31 May 2014. He is also a Non-Executive Director of the Company.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group's principal activities in the course of the financial year included the ownership of commercial industrial property, the improvement of such property and other activities in the property services sector including the operation of a real estate residential and commercial agency business.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

Revenue for year ended 31 December 2018 (FY2018) was S\$284 thousand as compared with the previous year FY2017 S\$419 thousand.

The Group reported a gross loss of S\$0.44 million in FY2018, compared with gross profit of S\$0.26 million in FY2017.

Other income increased by S\$2.80 million to S\$3.41 million when compared to FY2017 due to the amounts of gain on disposal of subsidiaries (S\$2.42 million) and gain on the discontinued operation of subsidiaries (S\$0.60 million).

Administrative expenses increased to S\$2.12 million from S\$0.49 million mainly due to bad debt written off amounted S\$1.17 million included in administrative expenses.

Finance costs decreased by 53% to S\$0.03 million in FY2018 (FY2017: S\$0.06 million). The disposal of subsidiary resulted the Group being released from all indebtedness owed to the Bank and as a consequence the elimination of interest payments on the loan.

The Group reported a profit of S\$0.81 million in FY2018, compared with a profit of S\$0.32 million in FY2017, mainly due to gain on disposal of subsidiaries and gain on the discontinued operation of subsidiaries, restructuring and write-offs.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Review of the Financial Position of the Group

As at 31 December 2018, the Group's current assets increased by S\$0.34 million from S\$0.29 million to S\$0.63 million when compared to the beginning of the year. This was mainly attributable to the amount owing from Probuild Pte Ltd ("Probuild") becoming other receivables after disposal.

Non-current assets decreased to S\$1.86 million from S\$4.60 million when compared to FY 2017. This was mainly attributable to the disposal of the Probuild's property, plant and equipment, disposal of investment in associate and amount owing from Probuild becoming other receivables after disposal.

Current liabilities decreased to S\$0.80 million from S\$4.00 million mainly due to the disposal of Probuild which included the outstanding bank loan and other liabilities of subsidiaries and discontinued operation of subsidiaries.

Non-current liabilities decreased to S\$nil from S\$0.02 million due to the disposal of subsidiaries.

Review of the Group Cash Flow

The cash and cash equivalents of the Group decreased to S\$0.02 million mainly due to cash used in operating activities and repayment of bank loans. Subsequent to year end, the Company has received commitments for a share placement from an sophisticated investor which will provided additional cash to the Group.

CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

There has been no change in the state of affairs. The Company continues the lease of factory space and during the year the Company, on expiry of the non-compete clause re-commenced real estate agency activities (the Real Estate Division). The Group is actively seeking opportunities for suitable mergers and acquisitions to strengthen and diversify the existing Group's businesses. In the event that the Group is presented with a suitable business opportunity that requires shareholder approval, the Group will call a shareholder general meeting to seek shareholder approval.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to 31 December 2018, GPS Alliance Holdings Limited has received \$250,000 by way of a share placement from a sophisticated investor. Pursuant to a signed agreement with this investor further commitments of funds have been agreed. No other matters or circumstances have arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report of any item, transaction or event of a material or unusual nature, that in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, is likely to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

INDEMNIFICATION OF OFFICERS AND AUDITORS

During or since the end of the financial year, the Company has not indemnified or made a relevant agreement to indemnify an officer or auditor of the Company against a liability incurred as such by an officer or auditor. The Group has not paid or agreed to pay, a premium in respect of a contract insuring against a liability incurred by an officer or auditor.

ROUNDING OFF

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC class Order 98/100, dated 10 July 1998, and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the Directors' Report and the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

There were no amounts paid or payable to the auditor for non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor.

DIRECTORS' MEETING

The following table sets out the number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) held during the financial year and the number of meetings attended by each director (while they were a director or committee member). During the financial year, 2 board meetings, and no audit and risk management committee meetings held. The Board considering the current size of the Company, resolved to suspend indefinitely the nomination and remuneration committee with no meeting held since 2016. The functions and responsibilities of the nomination and remuneration committee will be carried out by the entire Board.

Director	Board of Directors		Audit and Risk Management Committee	
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	2	2	-	-
David R. Laxton	2	2	-	-
Wang Jinhui	2	-	-	-
Andrew Skinner	2	2	-	-
Marcelo Mora	2	2	-	-

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Audit and Risk Management Committee of the Company is chaired by Andrew Skinner, an independent director, and includes Marcelo Mora, an independent director. No meetings during the financial year were held by the Audit and Risk Management Committee, instead all the responsibilities and functions of the Committee were the responsibility of the entire Board including but limited to review of the following, where relevant, with the executive directors and external auditor of the Company:

- (a) the audit plans of the external auditors;
- (b) the Group's financial and operating results and accounting policies;
- (c) the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group before their submission to the directors of the Company and the external auditors' report on those financial statements;
- (d) the half-yearly and annual announcements as well as the related press release on the results and financial position of the Company and the Group;
- (e) the co-operation and assistance given by management to the Group's external auditors; and

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has full access to and has the co-operation of the management and has been given the resources required for it to complete its functions properly. It also has full discretion to invite any director and executive officer to attend its meetings. The external auditors have unrestricted access to the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)

INTRODUCTION

The Board presents the Remuneration Report for the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018, which forms part of the Directors' Report and has been prepared in accordance with section 300A and was audited as required under section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

REMUNERATION GOVERNANCE

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Having regard to the current size of the Group and the nature of its activities, and the composition and structure of the Board, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee remained suspended indefinitely. Those functions usually reserved to Nomination and Remuneration Committee are the responsibility of the full Board.

The full Board is now directly responsible for reviewing the remuneration arrangements for directors, the Group Chief Executive Officer (CEO) if one is appointed and senior executives who directly reports to them.

The Board is ultimately responsible for decisions made on recommendations from the Committee when the Committee was operating.

DETAILS OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL (KMP)

KMP for the year ended 31 December 2018 are those persons who are identified as having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly, including any executive or Non-Executive Directors (NED) of the Group.

The KMP of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2018 are:

	Position
Non-Executive directors	
Marcelo Mora	Non-Executive Director
Andrew Skinner	Non-Executive Director
David Richard Laxton	Non-Executive Director (Re-designated as Non-executive Director on 14 June 2018)
Executive directors	
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Executive Chairman
David Richard Laxton	Executive Director (Resigned on 14 June 2018)
Wang Jinhui	Executive Director (Resigned on 14 June 2018)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION OF KMP (EXCLUDING NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS)

(a) Remuneration policy

The Group's remuneration policy is to ensure that remuneration packages properly reflect the person's duties and responsibilities and that the remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of suitable quality.

The structure of remuneration, as explained below, is designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, reward the achievement of strategic objectives, and achieve the broader outcome of long-term value creation for shareholders. The remuneration structures take into account a range of factors, including the following:

- capability, skills and experience;
- ability to impact achievement of the strategic objectives of the Group;
- performance of the KMP in their roles;
- the Group's overall performance;
- remuneration levels being paid by competitors for similar positions; and
- the need to ensure continuity of executive talent.

Refer below for detail around the mechanisms in place, which link the remuneration outcomes to individual and Group performance.

(b) Link between remuneration and Group's performance

The Board understands the importance of the relationship between the Group's remuneration policy for KMP and the Group's performance. The remuneration packages for KMP are aimed at achieving this balance and aligning KMP remuneration with the interests of shareholders.

Remuneration component

Fixed Remuneration is not linked to Group performance. It is set with reference to the individual's role, responsibilities and performance and remuneration levels for similar positions in the market.

The table below sets out summary information about the Group's earnings and movement in shareholder wealth for 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017:

	31 December 2018	31 December 2017
Revenue (S\$'000)	284	419
(Loss) / Profit for the year (S\$'000)	(261)	40
EPS (Singapore cents)	(0.30)	0.05
NAV per share (Singapore cents)	1.96	0.76
Share price at 31 December 2018 (Australian cents)	6.0	6.0

DIRECTORS' REPORT

TOTAL FIXED REMUNERATION

Total Fixed Remuneration (TFR) is a guaranteed annual salary, which is calculated on a total cost basis, which may include salary-packaged benefits grossed up for Fringe Benefit Tax (FBT) payable, as well as employer contributions to Central Provident Fund and other non-cash benefits that may be agreed to from time to time.

The table below details the TFR for each of the executives for the year ended **31 December 2018**:

Executive	Position	Total fixed remuneration (p.a.)
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Executive Director	S\$39,210
Wang Jinhui	Executive Director	S\$27,327 (Resigned on 14 June 2018)
David Richard Laxton	Executive Director	S\$11,089 (Resigned on 14 June 2018)
David Richard Laxton	Non-Executive Director	S\$27,992 (Re-designated as Non-executive Director on 14 June 2018)
Andrew Skinner	Non-Executive Director	S\$42,353
Marcelo Mora	Non-Executive Director	S\$42,238

SHORT-TERM INCENTIVE SCHEME

The Short-term Incentive (STI) scheme aims to reward eligible employees whose achievements, behaviour and focus meets the Group's business plan and key result expectations during one or more specified measurement periods.

Initial participation in the scheme is completely at the discretion of the Board.

The Board has structured the KPIs around both financial metrics, such as Operating Income, Earnings per Share and Operating Cash flows, and non-financial metrics around strategy development and execution, business performance, people and stakeholder relationships.

For the year ended 31 December 2018 the Board assessed the performance of the Group and resolved not to provide increases in directors or executives fees. The Board further resolved not to award any short term incentives ('STI') to any Directors or executives.

LONG-TERM INCENTIVE SCHEME

No employees or Executive Directors are currently participating in The Employee Performance Share Plan (EPSP).

EPSP provides an opportunity to:

- employees of the GPS Group selected by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, who are eligible to participate; and
- Executive Directors of the Company, who are eligible to participate in the equity of the Company.

The Board may grant an award of ordinary shares at any time during the period in which the EPSP is in force to eligible employees and Executive Directors, who, at the sole discretion of the Board, are regarded as having achieved the performance target(s) set by the Group.

No employees or Executive Directors are currently participating in the EPSP.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

GPS EMPLOYEE CONTRACTS

Executive Director - Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)

Contract duration	Commenced 1 July 2014
Fixed remuneration	Total remuneration package includes fixed remuneration and CPF.
Variable remuneration eligibility	Eligible for STI
Non-compete period	12 months.
Non-solicitation period	12 months.
Notice by GPS	4 weeks.
Notice by Executive	4 weeks.
Treatment on termination	Payment in lieu of notice: Employment is terminated by either party giving to the other not less than four weeks' prior written notice.

Executive Director – Wang Jinhui

Contract duration	Commenced 29 April 2015 (Resigned on 14 June 2018)
Fixed remuneration	Total remuneration package includes fixed remuneration and CPF.
Variable remuneration eligibility	Eligible for STI.
Non-compete period	12 months.
Non-solicitation period	12 months.
Notice by GPS	4 weeks.
Notice by Executive	4 weeks.
Treatment on termination	Payment in lieu of notice: Employment is terminated by either party giving to the other not less than four weeks' prior written notice.

Executive Director – David Richard Laxton

Contract duration	Commenced 8 August 2014 (Resigned on 14 June 2018 and became non-executive director)
Fixed remuneration	Total remuneration package includes fixed remuneration and CPF.
Variable remuneration eligibility	Eligible for STI.
Non-compete period	12 months.
Non-solicitation period	12 months.
Notice by GPS	4 weeks.
Notice by Executive	4 weeks.
Treatment on termination	Payment in lieu of notice: Employment is terminated by either party giving to the other not less than four weeks' prior written notice.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

REMUNERATION TABLES

The following tables outline the remuneration provided to KMP excluding NEDs for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017.

No KMP appointed during the period received a payment as part of their consideration for agreeing to hold the position.

Key Management Personnel – Executive Remuneration

								Other long-term	LTI		Total Long-term	Performance related		Shared-based payment
		Short-term										STI+LTI	LTI	
		Salary	Non-monetary payment	Other payment #	Central Provident Fund	STI	Total Short-term		Long service leave	Performance quantum rights		Retention quantum rights	Percent of total	Percent of total
2018		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	%	%	S\$	
Executive Director														
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Executive Director	17,000	-	20,000	2,210	-	39,210	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wang Jin Hui *	Executive Director	25,100	-	-	2,227	-	27,327	-	-	-	-	-	-	
David Richard Laxton **	Executive Director	9,813	-	-	1,276	-	11,089	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total Executive Director		51,913	-	20,000	5,713	-	77,626	-	-	-	-	-	-	

							Other long-term	LTI		Total Long-term	Performance related		Shared-based payment
											STI+LTI	LTI	
		2017	Salary	Non-monetary payment	Other payment	Central Provident Fund		STI	Total Short-term		Long service leave	Performance quantum rights	Retention quantum rights
		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	%	%	S\$
Executive Director Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)		36,000	-	6,990	-	-	42,990	-	-	-	-	-	-
See Mei Li		30,000	-	6,000	-	-	36,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wang Jin Hui		144,000	-	14,400	-	-	158,400	-	-	-	-	-	-
David Richard Laxton		36,000	-	4,680	-	-	40,680	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Executive Director		246,000	-	32,070	-	-	278,070	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Wang Jin Hui resigned on 14 June 2018.

** David Richard Laxton resigned on 14 June 2018 and became non-executive director.

Other payment consisted of accrued of director fee for year 2018.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

1. Directors' fees

The maximum aggregate fee pool available to NEDs is S\$300,000 as stipulated in the Constitution that was adopted by pre-internalisation.

2. Performance-based remuneration

NEDs are remunerated by way of cash benefits. They are not permitted to participate in performance based remuneration practices unless approved by shareholders. The Group currently has no intention to remunerate NEDs by any way other than cash benefits.

3. Equity-based remuneration

There is currently no equity-based remuneration plan in place for NEDs.

4. NED remuneration table

The following table outlines the remuneration provided to NEDs for the year ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017.

Non-executive directors		Directors' fees S\$	Salary S\$	CPF S\$	Corporate secretary S\$	Total S\$
Andrew Skinner	2018	42,353	-	-	-	42,353
	2017	42,000	-	-	-	42,000
Marcelo Mora	2018	24,087	-	-	18,151	42,238
	2017	24,000	-	-	24,998	48,998
David Richard Laxton ¹	2018	20,000	7,187	805	-	27,992
	2017	-	-	-	-	-
Total non-executive directors	2018	86,440	7,187	805	18,151	112,583
	2017	66,000	-	-	24,998	90,998

(1) David Richard Laxton resigned as executive director and became NED on 14 June 2018.

In addition to the above fees, all NEDs receive reimbursement for reasonable travel, accommodation and other expenses incurred for conduct of business relating to the Group.

NEDs do not receive additional remuneration for chairing or being a member of Board committees.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no transactions with key management personnel with regards to the Remuneration Report from 31 December 2018 to the date of this Report.

5. Target mix of remuneration components

The Board has set the target remuneration mix for executives for 2018-2019, expressed as a percentage of total remuneration, as detailed in the table below.

Target mix	TFR	STI	LTD	Total remuneration
Executive Directors	100%	-	-	100%

6. Total fixed remuneration 2018-2019

In accordance with the Directors service agreements, the Board has set TFR for each of the executives for 2019 as detailed in the table below.

Executive	Position	TFR (p.a.)
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Executive Director	S\$14,916

On behalf of the Directors



Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)
Chairman Director



David R. Laxton
Non-Executive Director

Dated in Singapore this
29th March 2019

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

GPS ALLIANCE HOLDINGS LIMITED
ACN 163 013 947

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors declare that:

- (a) In the directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.*
- (b) The attached financial statements are in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as stated in note 4 to the financial statements.*
- (c) In the directors' opinion, the attached financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including compliance with accounting standards and giving a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the consolidated entity; and*
- (d) the directors have given the declarations required by s.295A of the Corporations Act 2001.*

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to s.295(5) of the Corporation Act 2001.

On behalf of the Directors

LIM PANG HERN (JEFFREY)
Executive Chairman

DAVID R. LAXTON
Non-Executive Director

Dated this 29th day of March 2019

Auditor's Independence Declaration

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd

ABN 16 602 260 757

Level 5
350 Kent Street
Sydney NSW 2000
75 Lyons Road
Drummoyne NSW 2047

20 Grose Street
North Parramatta NSW 2151

PO Box 2210
North Parramatta NSW 1750

Phone 02 8839 3000
Fax 02 8839 3055

Lead Auditors' Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2018 there has been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

The entities are in respect of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited and the entities it controlled during the period.

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd
Chartered Accountants



Scott Bennison

Director

Dated: 29/3/2019

Sydney

Independent Auditor's Report

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd

ABN 16 602 260 757

Level 5
350 Kent Street
Sydney NSW 2000
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Drummoyne NSW 2047

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North Parramatta NSW 2151
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the Members of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited (the company and its subsidiaries (the Group)), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the consolidated statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

- i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significant in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Independent Auditor's Report

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd

ABN 16 602 260 757

Level 5
350 Kent Street
Sydney NSW 2000
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North Parramatta NSW 2151

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Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Property, plant and equipment Refer to note 10, Other receivables	Our procedures included, amongst others:
<p>During the last financial year the Group sold its subsidiary Probuild Pte Ltd to Global-Allied Pte Ltd. The result of this sale was that assets were acquired and liabilities were assumed by the purchaser. In addition, the Group has leased premises from the purchaser for 70 months.</p> <p>As a result of the transaction, a receivable has been recognised in the Groups' financial statements of \$2.3mil. Initially, the receivable has been repaid by the Group accepting reductions in this receivable in lieu of paying rent under the lease.</p> <p>The receivable is to be repaid over a period of 70 months commencing 1 July 2018.</p> <p>This was a key audit matter due to its materiality in the financial statements and recoverability.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Reviewed lease and other documentation to ensure contractual obligations between the parties and a legal right of the group to occupy the premises for a period of 70 months.Confirmed calculations of the amount of rent charged for the period.
Key audit matter Going Concern Refer to note 3, Going Concern	Our procedures included, amongst others:
<p>The Groups annual forecast expenses exceed the Group's cash reserves of \$21k as at reporting date.</p> <p>The Group has disclosed in note 3 'going concern' 'that it is reliant upon capital raising to ensure that it is able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.</p> <p>This was a key audit matter due to its dependency upon capital raising to ensure that the group is able to continue as a going concern and is able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Considered the Groups disclosure of going concern note to the financial statements.Reviewed the Groups cash flow forecast and confirmed the receipt of \$250k relating to the placement of capital raising.Considered the receipt of the \$250k in light of the Group's forecast expenses ensuring that and is sufficient to pay the company's debts as and when they fall due.Obtained management representation relating to the accuracy of the cash flow forecast and its ability to raise capital ensuring the Groups continues as a going concern.

Independent Auditor's Report

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd

ABN 16 002 260 757

Level 5
350 Kent Street
Sydney NSW 2000
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Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2018, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the presentation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our representation of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at The Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd

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Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report include in pages 12 to 17 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd
Chartered Accountants


Scott Bennison

Director

Dated: 29/3/2019
Sydney

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Continuing operations			
Revenue	24	284	419
Cost of sales		(727)	(156)
Gross (loss) / profit		(443)	263
Other income	25	3,406	608
Administrative expenses		(2,119)	(485)
Finance costs	27	(30)	(64)
Profit before income tax		814	322
Income tax	28	-	-
Profit from continuing operations		814	322
Other comprehensive income			
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations, net of tax		204	(160)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		204	(160)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,018	162
Profit for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(261)	40
Non-controlling interests		1,075	282
		814	322
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(57)	(120)
Non-controlling interests		1,075	282
		1,018	162
(Losses) / Earnings per share (Singapore cents)			
Basic and diluted (loss)/profit per share attributable to ordinary equity holders	30	(0.30)	0.05
(Losses) / Earnings per share - continuing operations (Singapore cents)			
Basic and diluted (loss)/profit per share		(0.30)	0.05

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	21	194
Trade receivables	9	98	68
Other receivables	10	508	27
Total current assets		<u>627</u>	<u>289</u>
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets		3	3
Property, plant and equipment	11	-	4,446
Investment in associate	12	-	150
Other receivables	10	1,855	-
Total non-current assets		<u>1,858</u>	<u>4,599</u>
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Borrowings	13	-	1,333
Trade payables	14	4	943
Other payables and accruals	15	795	1,687
Finance leases	17	-	35
Total current liabilities		<u>799</u>	<u>3,998</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	16	-	240
Total non-current liabilities		<u>-</u>	<u>240</u>
NET ASSETS		<u>1,686</u>	<u>650</u>
EQUITY			
Issued capital	18	10,354	10,354
Capital reserve	19	2,000	1,943
Asset revaluation reserve	20	-	1,326
Translation reserve	21	(456)	(519)
Accumulated losses	22	(10,212)	(9,951)
Parent equity interest		<u>1,686</u>	<u>3,153</u>
Non-controlling interest	23	-	(2,503)
Total Equity		<u>1,686</u>	<u>650</u>

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2018

	Issued capital S\$'000	Reserves S\$'000	Translation reserve S\$'000	Accumulated losses S\$'000	Total S\$'000	Non- controlling interest S\$'000	Total equity S\$'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	10,354	3,269	(359)	(9,991)	3,273	(2,785)	488
Profit for the year	-	-	-	40	40	282	322
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(160)	-	(160)	-	(160)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(160)	40	(120)	282	162
Transactions with owners recorded directly on equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 31 December 2017	10,354	3,269	(519)	(9,951)	3,153	(2,503)	650
Balance at 1 January 2018	10,354	3,269	(519)	(9,951)	3,153	(2,503)	650
Profit for the year	-	-	-	(261)	(261)	1,075	814
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	204	-	204	-	204
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	204	(261)	(57)	1,075	1,018
Disposal and discontinued operation of subsidiaries	-	(1,269)	(141)	-	(1,410)	1,428	18
Transactions with owners recorded directly on equity	-	(1,269)	(141)	-	(1,410)	1,428	18
Balance at 31 December 2018	10,354	2,000	(456)	(10,212)	1,686	-	1,686

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Operating activities			
Profit for the year		814	322
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation expense		172	341
Gain on settlement of creditors		-	(887)
Bad debts written off		1,171	-
Interest expense		30	-
Property, plant and equipment written off		65	-
Dividend income		(150)	-
Gain on discontinued operation of subsidiaries		(601)	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		(2,419)	-
Reversal of provision for warranty		(54)	-
Unrealised exchange loss		34	-
Operating cash outflows before movements in working capital		(938)	(224)
Trade and other receivables		200	162
Trade and other payables		605	406
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(133)	344
Interest paid		(30)	(64)
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities		(163)	280
Investing activities			
Disposal of subsidiary, net of cash disposed of	1	123	-
Dividend income from associate		150	-
Net cash provided by investing activities		273	-
Financing activities			
Repayment of borrowings		(262)	(389)
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(21)	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(283)	(389)
Net cash decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(173)	(109)
Cash and cash equivalents at January 1		194	303
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December		21	194
		2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Notes to the statement of cash flows			
<i>Continuing operations:</i>			
Cash and bank balances		21	194
Less: Bank overdraft		-	-
		21	194

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

1 GENERAL

The Company (Registration No. ACN 163013947) was incorporated in Australia on 25 March 2014 with its registered office at Suite 904, 275 Alfred Street, North Sydney, NSW 2060, Australia. The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange ('ASX'). The financial information is expressed in Singapore dollars.

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of subsidiaries	Principal activity Country of incorporation/operation	Effective equity interest held	
		2018 %	2017 %
GPS Alliance Holdings Pte Ltd	Investment holding (Singapore)	100	100
Global Property Strategic Alliance Pte Ltd	Provision of services as real estate agency (Singapore)	100	100
GPS Alliance Development & Investments Pte Ltd	Provision of real estate consultancy and investments (Singapore)	-	100
Global Alliance International Academy Pte Ltd	Dormant (Singapore)	-	100
Urban Point Sdn Bhd	Dormant (Malaysia)	-	100
Myanmar GPS Alliance Co Ltd	Dormant (Mayanmar)	-	100
GPS Alliance Home Solutions Pte Ltd	Investment holding (Singapore)	-	60
Homz Lifestyle Pte Ltd	Wholesale of furniture, home furnishings and other household equipment (Singapore)	-	60
Probuild Pte Ltd	Trading of buildings materials, interior design and fit out (Singapore)	-	60
Ecobuild Products Pte Ltd	Trading of buildings materials, interior design and fit out (Singapore)	-	60
Novel Praxis Pte Ltd	Trading of buildings materials, interior design and fit out (Singapore)	-	60
Probuild Sdn Bhd	Trading of buildings materials, interior design and fit out (Singapore)	-	60

On 30 June 2018, the Group sold its entire share interest in its subsidiary, Probuild Pte Ltd to Global-Allied Pte Ltd. The consideration for the sale was of S\$100,000.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

1 GENERAL (CONT'D)

On 31 December 2018, the Group sold its entire shares of 3 subsidiaries, namely GPS Alliance Development & Investment Pte Ltd, GPS Alliance Home Solutions Pte Ltd and Global Alliance International Academy Pte Ltd to 23 MEP Furniture Pte Ltd for a consideration sum of S\$10 respectively. These entities were not in operation.

During the financial year, there were discontinued operation of 2 subsidiaries, namely Probuild Sdn Bhd and Urban Point Sdn Bhd. These entities were not in operation.

The carrying amounts of identifiable assets and liabilities of the disposed and discontinued operation subsidiaries as at 31 December 2018 were:

	2018 S\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	4,181
Investment in associate	150
Trade and other receivables	1,058
Cash and cash equivalents	38
Bank loan	(760)
Bank overdraft	(161)
Provisions	(240)
Trade and other payables	(7,190)
Finance lease liabilities	(14)
Net assets derecognised	(2,938)
Less: Non-controlling interests	1,428
Net assets disposed	(1,510)
Realisation of foreign exchange translation reserve	(141)
Capital reserve	57
Asset revaluation reserve	(1,326)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	2,419
Gain on discontinued operation of subsidiaries	601
Purchase consideration	100
Satisfied by:	
Cash	-
Consideration receivables	100
	100
Analysis of net flow of cash and cash equivalent arising on disposal:	
Cash consideration received	-
Cash and cash equivalents on the disposed subsidiaries	(38)
Bank overdraft on the disposed subsidiaries	161
Net cash inflow on disposal of subsidiaries	123

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

2 APPLICATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REVISED ACCOUNTING STANDARD

No new and revised Standards and Interpretation are applicable for the year ended 31 December 2018. At the date of authorisation of the financial statements, no Standards and Interpretations on issue but not yet adopted have any material effect.

3 GOING CONCERN

This Financial Report has been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes continuity of normal business activities and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

As at and for the year ended 31 December 2018, the consolidated entity had accumulated losses of S\$10.2 million (2017: S\$10.0 million), net cash outflow from operating activities of S\$163,000 (2017: Net cash inflow of S\$280,000) and a working capital deficiency of S\$0.17 million (2017: S\$3.71 million).

The ability of the Group to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the successful timely completion of the following events / plans that have been put in place by the Board:

- Is working to improve the profitability and cash flows of the business;
- Continues to seek suitable merger and acquisition opportunities and/or strategic alliances to strengthen its existing businesses and to develop other cash flow opportunities from the delivery of services or products;
- Has been successful in doing share placements and/or capital raisings to improve the Group's cash position when required;

At the date of this Report and having considered the above factors, the Board is confident that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern.

However, if the Group does not obtain additional funding, reduced expenditure in line with available funding, continuing financial support of their financier and successfully complete the plans referred to above, significant uncertainty would exist as to the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern and, therefore, whether each entity in the Group would be able to realise assets and discharge liabilities in the normal course of business.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) **STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE** – These financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, Accounting Standards and Interpretations, and comply with other requirements of the law.

The financial statements comprise the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Compliance with Australian Accounting Standards ensures that the financial statements and notes of the Company and the Group comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS').

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 29 March 2019.

b) **BASIS OF PREPARATION** – The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of historical cost, except for the revaluation of certain non-current assets and financial instruments. Cost is based on the fair values of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC class Order 98/100, dated 10 July 1998, and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the Directors' Report and the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

c) **BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION** - The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its control to affect its returns.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally. The Company consider all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether or not the Company's voting rights in an investee are sufficient to give it power, including:

- the size of the Company's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of holdings of the other vote holders;
- potential voting rights held by the Company, other vote holders or other parties;
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- any additional facts and circumstances that indicate that the Company has, or does not have, the current ability to direct the relevant activities at the time that decisions need to be made, including voting patterns at previous shareholders' meetings.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balances.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between:

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.
- (ii) Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings) in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or jointly controlled entity.

d) **BUSINESS COMBINATIONS** - The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration for each acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition date fair values of assets given, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree, and equity interest issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Where applicable, the consideration for the acquisition includes any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, measured at its acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes in such fair values are adjusted against the cost of acquisition where they qualify as measurement year adjustments (see below).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement year adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with AASB 139 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, or AASB 137 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held interests in the acquired entity are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss, where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest was disposed of. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under the Australian Accounting Standards are recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities and liabilities or assets related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with AASB 112 *Income Taxes* and AASB 119 *Employee Benefits* respectively;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with AASB 2 'Share-based Payment' at the acquisition date; and
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with AASB 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that Standard. If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting year in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete.

Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement year (see below), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of that date. The measurement year is the year from the date of acquisition to the date the Group obtains complete information about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date – and is subject to a maximum of one year from acquisition date.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another Standard.

e) **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** - Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial instrument and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant year. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial instrument, or where appropriate, a shorter year. Interest income and expense is recognised on an effective interest basis for debt instruments.

Financial assets

Investments are recognised and de-recognised on a trade date where the purchase or sale of an investment is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the investment within the time-frame established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss which are initially measured at fair value.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Certain shares held by the Group are classified as being available-for-sale and are stated at fair value. Where reliable fair value estimates are not available, these investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at bank and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Loans and receivables

Trade and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as "loans and receivables". Loans and receivables are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest method, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting year. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss.

In a subsequent year, if the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount of the financial asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

Derecognition of financial assets

The company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Group retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), the Group allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss.

A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Trade and other payables are initially measured at fair value, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

f) **LEASES** - Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

g) **INVENTORIES** - Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, on the first-in first-out basis. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow-moving and defective stocks.

h) **PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** - Plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method, on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements	-	10% to 33.3% or over leasehold year
Plant and machinery	-	10% to 20%
Motor vehicles	-	10%
Furniture and fittings	-	25% to 33.3%
Office equipment	-	25% to 33.3%
Computer software	-	33.3%
Enterprise Resource Planning Equipment	-	14.3%

The estimated useful lives, residual values, and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements. The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amounts of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

i) **IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS** - At the end of each reporting year, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is suffered and the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

j) **PROVISIONS** - Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of reporting year, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of these cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

k) **ASSETS HELD FOR SALE** - Non-current assets are classified as assets held for sale and measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if they are expected to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

Any impairment losses on initial classification and subsequent gains or losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss. Subsequent increases in fair value less costs to sell are recognised in profit or loss (not exceeding the accumulated impairment loss that has been previously recognised).

l) **SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS** - Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of the number of equity instruments that will eventually vest. At the end of each reporting year, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with parties other than employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, except where that fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

m) **REVENUE RECOGNITION** - Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. The company assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as principal or agent. The company has concluded that it is acting as a principal in all of its revenue arrangements.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services of short duration is recognised when services are rendered.

Rental income

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

When contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses exceed progress billings, the surplus is shown as amounts due from customers for contract work. For contracts where progress billings exceed contract costs incurred to date plus recognised profits less recognised losses, the surplus is shown as the amounts due to customers for contract work.

Amounts received before the related work is performed are included in the consolidated statement of financial position, as a liability, as advances received. Amounts billed for work performed but not yet paid by the customer are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under trade and other receivables.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

- n) **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION COSTS** - Payments to defined contribution benefit plans are charged as an expense as the employee renders the service. Payment made to state-managed benefit schemes, such as the Singapore Central Provident Fund, are dealt with as payments to defined contribution plans where the company's obligations under the plans are equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution benefit plan.
- o) **EMPLOYEE LEAVE ENTITLEMENT** - Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting year.
- p) **INCOME TAX** - Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The change for current income tax expense is based on the profit for the year adjusted for non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred income will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxation profit or loss.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the income statement except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The amount of benefits brought to account or which may be realised in the future is based on the assumption that no advance change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply within the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

- q) **FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS** - The financial statements of the company are measured and presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The financial statements of the company are presented in Singapore dollars, whereas the functional currency of the parent company is Australian dollar.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the company's functional currency are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. At each reporting year, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the end of the reporting year. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on retranslation of monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the year except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into Singapore dollars using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the accumulated exchange differences in respect of that operation attributable to the Group are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets and liabilities acquired arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

r) CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS - Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the end of the reporting year, as measured by the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs, except where this would not be representative of the stage of completion. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that they have been agreed with the customer.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred that it is probable will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the year in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Long-term construction contracts

Revenue and profits from long-term construction contracts are recognised based on the percentage of completion as at the end of the reporting year by reference to the proportion of cost incurred to date in relation to the estimated total costs for the respective contracts, provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated.

Provision is made in full for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts and liquidated damages in the year in which such losses are anticipated, regardless of the stage of completion of the contracts.

s) BORROWING COSTS - Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

t) EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries and annual leave when it is probable that settlement will be required and they are capable of being measured reliably.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits, are measured at their nominal values using the remuneration rate expected to apply at the time of settlement.

Liabilities recognised in respect of long term employee benefits are measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Group in respect of services provided by employees up to reporting date.

Payments to defined contribution benefit plans are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

u) GOODS AND SERVICES TAX - Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except:

- i. where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of an asset or as part of an item of expense; or
- ii. for receivables and payables which are recognised inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables.

Cash flows are included in the cash flow statement on a gross basis. The GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is classified within operating cash flows.

v) INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE - An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates or joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment, or a portion thereof, is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with AASB 5 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations'. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture. When the Company's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds the Company's interest in that associate or joint venture, (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Company discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

An investment in an associate or joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate or a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in an associate or joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The requirements of AASB 128 are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Company's investment in an associate or a joint venture. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with AASB 136 'Impairment of Assets' as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with AASB 136 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Company transacts with an associate or joint venture, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate or joint venture are recognised in the Company's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate or joint venture that are not related to the Company.

5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies which are described in Note 4 above, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

i) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, management has not made any judgements other than those involving estimations as discussed below.

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5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

ii) *Key sources of estimation uncertainty*

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting year, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below:

(a) Revenue from contract work-in-progress

Revenue and costs associated with a project are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the proportion of cost incurred to date in relation to the estimated total costs for the respective contracts, provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When it is probable that the total project costs will exceed the total project revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately. These computations are based on the presumption that the outcome of a project can be estimated reliably.

Management has performed cost studies, taking into account the costs to date and costs to complete each project, foreseeable losses and applicable liquidated damages, if any. Management has also reviewed the status of such projects and is satisfied that the estimates to complete are realistic, and the estimates of total project costs and sales proceeds indicate full project recovery.

(b) Allowance for doubtful debts

The Group makes allowances for doubtful debts based on an assessment of the recoverability of trade and other receivables. Allowances are applied to trade and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade and other receivables and doubtful debts expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed. Allowance for doubtful debts and bad debts written off at the end of the reporting year is set out in Note 9 and 10.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

5 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONT'D)

ii) *Key sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)*

(c) Useful lives and residual value of plant and equipment

The Group reassesses the estimated useful lives and residual value of plant and equipment at the end of each reporting year. Management is satisfied that there is no change in the useful lives and residual value of the plant and equipment from prior year.

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including the effects of: changes in debt and equity market prices, foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge certain exposures. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

(a) *Categories of financial instruments*

The following table sets out the financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period.

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables (including cash and cash equivalents)	2,482	289
Investment in associate	-	150
	<u>2,482</u>	<u>439</u>
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings and payables at amortised cost	<u>799</u>	<u>3,998</u>

(b) *Financial risk management policies and objectives*

The Group has documented financial risk management policies. These policies set out the Group's overall business strategies and its risk management philosophy. The Group's overall financial risk management programme seeks to minimise potential adverse effects of financial performance of the Group. The Board of Directors provide written principles for overall financial risk management and written policies covering specific areas, such as market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow interest rate risk, use of derivative financial instruments and investing excess cash.

Such written policies are reviewed annually by the Board of Directors and periodic reviews are undertaken to ensure that the Group's policy guidelines are complied with. Risk management is carried out by the management under the policies approved by the Board of Directors.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) *Financial risk management policies and objectives (cont'd)*

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk. Market risk exposures are measured using sensitivity analysis indicated below.

(i) Foreign exchange risk management

The Group's and Company's activities are mainly conducted in the functional currencies of the respective entities. Hence, the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk is minimal.

(ii) Interest rate risk management

Interest-bearing financial assets are mainly bank balances, fixed deposit and loan to investee company. The interest rates for finance leases, loan to investee company and certain bank loans are fixed on the date of inception. Any variation in the short-term interest rates will not have a material impact on the results of the Group.

The Group is exposed to the interest rate risk on certain bank loans and bills payable, which varies accordingly to prime lending rate. Management is of the view that any variation of the prime lending rate is not likely to have a material impact on the results of the Group. Accordingly, the Group does not hedge against interest rate risk relating to its bank loans and bills payable.

(iii) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties. Credit exposure is controlled by the counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by management annually.

The Group's bank balances are placed with credit-worthy financial institutions.

Concentration of credit risk exists when economic, industry or geographical factors similarly affect Group counter parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Group's total credit exposure.

The Group's customers are located in Singapore.

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31 December 2018

6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) *Financial risk management policies and objectives (cont'd)*

(iii) Credit risk management (cont'd)

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, grossed up for any allowances for losses, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained.

Further details of credit risks on trade and other receivables are disclosed in Notes 9 and 10 to the financial statements respectively.

(iv) Liquidity risk management

The Group maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents, and internally generated cash flows to finance their activities. Management finances the Group's liquidity through internally generated cash flows and minimises liquidity risk by keeping committed credit lines available. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Liquidity and interest risk analyses

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The following tables detail the remaining contractual maturity for non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. The adjustment column represents the possible future cash flows attributable to the instrument included in the maturity analysis which is not included in the carrying amount of the financial liability on the statements of financial position.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	On demand or within 1 year S\$'000	1 to 5 years S\$'000	After 5 years S\$'000	Expected interest S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group						
2018						
Non-interest bearing	-	799	-	-	-	799
		799	-	-	-	799

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) Financial risk management policies and objectives (cont'd)

(iv) Liquidity risk management (cont'd)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	On demand or within 1 year S\$'000	1 to 5 years S\$'000	After 5 years S\$'000	Expected interest S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group						
2017						
Non-interest bearing	-	2,630	-	-	-	2,630
Finance lease liability (fixed rate)	4.49	37	-	-	(2)	35
Bank loan (variable rate)	4.12	1,067	-	-	(45)	1,022
Overdraft (variable rate)	4.02	323	-	-	(12)	311
		4,057	-	-	(59)	3,998

Non-derivative financial assets

The following table details the expected maturity for non-derivative financial assets, other than available-for-sale financial assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the Group's liquidity risk management as the Group's liquidity risk is managed on a net asset and liability basis. The tables below have been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets except where the Group and the Company anticipates that the cash flow will occur in a different period. The adjustment column represents the possible future cash flows attributable to the instrument included in the maturity analysis which are not included in the carrying amount of the financial asset on the statements of financial position.

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	On demand or within 1 year S\$'000	1 to 5 years S\$'000	After 5 years S\$'000	Expected Interest S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group						
2018						
Non-interest bearing	-	2,482	-	-	-	2,482
		2,482	-	-	-	2,482
2017						
Non-interest bearing	-	289	-	-	-	289
		289	-	-	-	289

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

6 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

(b) *Financial risk management policies and objectives (cont'd)*

(vi) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Management considers that the carrying amounts of non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market prices; and
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The Group classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- (a) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- (b) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- (c) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

(c) *Capital risk management policies and objectives*

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves and accumulated profits. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel and Directors' transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2018, Lim Pang Hern had an equity interest in BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd which provided administration services, including rental accommodation, administrative staff and services to GPS Alliance Holdings Pte Ltd and Global Property Strategic Alliance Pte Ltd, subsidiaries of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited. Fees paid and payable to BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd during the year amounted to S\$62,920 (2017: S\$31,891). At the end of the year the amount outstanding was S\$97,129 (2017: S\$325,238). The balances are unsecured, interest free, repayable on demand and expected to be settled in cash unless stated otherwise.

The Group provided real estate and other services to BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd during the financial year. Fee paid and payable from BD Cranetech Pte Ltd and BD Krane Engrg Pte Ltd during the year amounted to S\$27,440 (2017: nil). At the end of the year the outstanding amount was S\$24,974 (2017: nil). The balances are unsecured, interest free, repayable on demand and expected to be settled in cash unless stated otherwise.

Compensation of directors and key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year were as follows:

	2018 S\$	2017 S\$
Short-term benefits	190,209	369,068
Post-employment benefits	-	-
Total	190,209	369,068

The remuneration of directors and key management is determined by the Board of Directors in the absence of a nomination and remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends, in accordance with disclosures made in our replacement prospectus dated 24 May 2014.

The following table outlines the remuneration provided to NEDs for the year ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D)

The following tables outline the remuneration provided to KMP excluding NEDs for the years ended 31 December 2018 and 31 December 2017.

No executive GPS appointed during the period received a payment as part of their consideration for agreeing to hold the position

		Short-term					Other long-term	LTI		Total Long-term	Performance related		Shared-based payment
											STI+LTI	LTI	
		Salary	Non-monetary payment	Other payment #	Central Provident Fund	STI	Total Short-term	Long service leave	Performance quantum rights	Retention quantum rights	Percent of total	Percent of total	Share
2018		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	%	%	S\$
Executive Director													
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Executive Director	17,000	-	20,000	2,210	-	39,210	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wang Jin Hui *	Executive Director	25,100	-	-	2,227	-	27,327	-	-	-	-	-	-
David Richard Laxton **	Executive Director	9,813	-	-	1,276	-	11,089	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Executive Director		51,913	-	20,000	5,713	-	77,626	-	-	-	-	-	-

		Short-term					Other long-term	LTI		Total Long-term	Performance related		Shared-based payment
											STI+LTI	LTI	
		Salary	Non-monetary payment	Other payment	Central Provident Fund	STI	Total Short-term	Long service leave	Performance quantum rights	Retention quantum rights	Percent of total	Percent of total	Share
2017		S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	S\$	%	%	S\$
Executive Director													
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	Executive Director	36,000	-	6,990	-	-	42,990	-	-	-	-	-	-
See Mei Li	Executive Director	30,000	-	6,000	-	-	36,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wang Jin Hui	Executive Director	144,000	-	14,400	-	-	158,400	-	-	-	-	-	-
David Richard Laxton	Executive Director	36,000	-	4,680	-	-	40,680	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Executive Director		246,000	-	32,070	-	-	278,070	-	-	-	-	-	-

* Wang Jin Hui resigned on 14 June 2018.

** David Richard Laxton resigned on 14 June 2018 and became non-executive director.

Other payment consisted of accrued of director fee for year 2018.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

8 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	21	194

The Group's total cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities.

9 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Outside parties	73	784
Related parties	25	-
Retention monies receivables	-	35
Less : Allowable for doubtful debts	-	(751)
	98	68

No interest is charged on trade receivables.

Included in the Group's trade receivable balance are debtors with a carrying amount of S\$15,103 (2017: S\$494,461) which are past due at the reporting date for which the Group has not provided for any impairment allowance.

The table below is an analysis of age of debts which are past due but not impaired:

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
1 month to 3 months	13	-
3 months to 6 months	2	44
6 months to 12 months	-	208
12 months to 24 months	-	106
24 months to 36 months	-	426
	15	784

In determining the recoverability of a trade receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivable from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. Accordingly, management believes that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for the doubtful debts.

The trade receivables that are past due nor impaired related to customers that the Group has assessed to be creditworthy, based on the credit evaluation process performed by management.

The Group's and Company's total receivables are denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities and translated to SGD for reporting purpose.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

9 TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

Movement in the allowance for doubtful debts

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	751	658
Provision for impairment losses recognised on receivables	-	93
Disposal and discontinued operation of subsidiaries	(751)	-
Balance at end of the year	-	751

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated.

Included in the allowance for doubtful debts are individually impaired trade receivables amounting to S\$nil (2017: S\$445,000) which have been placed under liquidation. The impairment recognised represents the difference between the carrying amount of these trade receivables and the present value of the expected liquidation proceeds.

Age of impaired trade receivables

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
12 months to 36 months	-	751

10 OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Other deposits	2	-
Prepayments	7	9
Others	2,354	18
	2,363	27

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Analysed as:		
Current	508	27
Non-current	1,855	-
	2,363	27

The Group's other receivables are denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities and translated to SGD for reporting purpose.

Included in other receivables was an amount owing from former subsidiary amounted to S\$2,215 million which became other receivables after disposal of subsidiary on 30 June 2018.

Amount owing from former subsidiary will be repaid in term of granting the Group a lease of the property for a period of 70 months commencing from 1 July 2018.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

11 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer and software S\$'000	Furniture and fitting S\$'000	Leasehold improvement S\$'000	Office equipment S\$'000	Motor vehicle S\$'000	Plant and machinery S\$'000	Building S\$'000	ERP equipment S\$'000	Total S\$'000
Cost:									
At January 1, 2017	118	27	289	77	76	15	5,299	97	5,998
Transfers	(3)	1	-	-	(30)	-	24	-	(8)
At December 31, 2017	115	28	289	77	46	15	5,323	97	5,990
Written-off	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(65)	(65)
Disposal of subsidiaries	(67)	(20)	(289)	-	(47)	(19)	(5,323)	-	(5,765)
Translation reserve	-	(1)	-	-	1	4	-	-	4
At December 31, 2018	48	7	-	77	-	-	-	32	164
Accumulated depreciation:									
At January 1, 2017	117	21	99	34	40	8	849	22	1,190
Depreciation	1	3	30	25	5	3	274	-	341
Transfers	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	(5)	-	(8)
At December 31, 2017	115	24	129	59	45	11	1,118	22	1,523
Depreciation	-	1	10	18	-	1	142	-	172
Disposal of subsidiaries	(67)	(18)	(139)	-	(45)	(12)	(1,260)	-	(1,541)
At December 31, 2018	48	7	-	77	-	-	-	22	154
Impairment:									
At January 1, 2017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	21
Addition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At December 31, 2017	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	21
Written-off	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11)	(11)
At December 31, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	10
Carrying amount:									
At December 31, 2017	-	4	160	18	1	4	4,205	54	4,446
At December 31, 2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

12 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs (adjusted by the group for equity accounting purposes).

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	150	150
Disposals	(150)	-
Balance at end of the year	-	150

The investment in associate instrument represents an investment in a company that is engaged in property development.

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Huge Development Pte Ltd		
Current assets	-	2,619
Non-current assets	-	73
Current liabilities	-	356
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Revenue	-	-
Profit or loss from continuing operations	-	1,449
Profit for the year	-	1,449
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,449

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Huge Development Pte Ltd recognised in these consolidated financial statements:

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Net assets of the associate	-	2,336
Proportion of the group's ownership interest in Huge Development Pte Ltd	-	15%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Huge Development Pte Ltd	-	150

Huge Development Pte Ltd is a Singapore incorporated company with its operation in Singapore. Its principal activity is in property development.

Investment in Huge Development Pte Ltd was held by former subsidiary, GPS Development & Investment Pte Ltd and the investment in associate was disposed following the disposal of former subsidiary on 31 December 2018.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

13 BORROWINGS (CURRENT)

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Bank overdraft	-	311
Bank loan	-	1,022
	-	1,333

Bank overdraft bears interest at Bank's Prevailing Prime Rate + 0.5% per annum.

The bank loan of S\$1.83 million is repayable over 72 monthly instalments from Feb 2015 to Jan 2020. The interest for the first 12 months bears interest at the lower of "3-month SIBOR + 1.48%" or 2.48% per annum. Subsequently, the loan bears interest at "3-month SIBOR + 3%" per annum. The loan is secured by way of legal charge over a subsidiary's leasehold property, corporate guarantee from the company and one of its subsidiaries, and personal guarantee from certain directors of a subsidiary. The bank is able to recall the funds at their absolute discretion.

Bank overdraft and bank loan was transferred to the purchaser following the disposal of a subsidiary on 30 June 2018.

The borrowings are denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities and translated to SGD for reporting purpose.

14 TRADE PAYABLES

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Outside parties	4	943

No interest is payable on overdue balances.

The Group's trade payables are denominated in the functional currencies of the respective entities and translated to SGD for reporting purpose.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

15 OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Accrued expenses	151	728
Advance from a non-controlling interest	-	302
Deposit received	-	73
Provision for warranties	-	53
Related parties	97	325
Others	547	206
	<u>795</u>	<u>1,687</u>

The Group's other payables are denominated in the functional currency of the respective entities and translated to SGD for reporting purpose.

16 PROVISIONS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Provision for office reinstatement is for a subsidiary's office	-	240

17 FINANCE LEASES

	Minimum lease payment		Present value of Minimum lease payment	
	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Amounts payable under finance leases:				
Within one year	-	37	-	35
In the second to fifth year inclusive	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35</u>
Less: Future finance charges	-	(2)	-	-
Present value of lease obligations	<u>-</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>35</u>
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months			-	(35)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

It is the company's policy to lease certain items of its plant and equipment under finance leases. The average lease term is 3 years. The average effective borrowing rate is 4.04% per annum. Interest rates are fixed at the contract date, and thus expose the company to fair value interest rate risk. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

All lease obligations are denominated in Singapore dollars.

The fair value of the company's lease obligations approximates their carrying amount.

The company's obligations under finance leases are secured by the lessors' titles to the leased assets. As at 31 December 2018, the Group does not hold any leases.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

18 ISSUED CAPITAL

	2018		2017	
	N°	S\$'000	N°	S\$'000
Ordinary shares				
Balance at beginning of the year	85,963	10,354	85,963	10,354
Issue ordinary shares	-	-	-	-
Balance at end of the year	85,963	10,354	85,963	10,354

No shares were issued during the year or in the prior year

19 CAPITAL RESERVE

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Capital reserve arising from capital restructuring	1,943	2,000
Disposal of subsidiary	57	-
Others	-	(57)
Net	2,000	1,943

20 ASSET REVALUATION RESERVE

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	1,326	1,326
Disposal of subsidiary	(1,326)	-
Balance at end of the year	-	1,326

The group has done extensive renovations to the building located at 8 Sungei Kadut Street owned by Probuild Pte Ltd, in accordance with the loan agreement with DBS Bank Ltd. Accordingly the GPS obtained a revaluation and the Board resolved during 2016 to revalue the property in accordance with the external valuation.

21 TRANSLATION RESERVE

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	(519)	(359)
Exchange differences arising on translating to presentation currency	204	(160)
Disposal and discontinued operation of subsidiaries	(141)	-
Balance at end of the year	(456)	(519)

Exchange differences relating to the translation of the results and net assets of the Group's foreign operations from their functional currencies to the Group's presentation currency (i.e. Singapore dollars) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

22 ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	(9,951)	(9,991)
(Loss) / Profit attributable to owners of the Company	(261)	40
Balance at end of the year	(10,212)	(9,951)

23 NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Balance at beginning of the year	(2,503)	(2,785)
Share of profit for the year	1,075	282
Disposal of subsidiary	1,428	-
Balance at end of the year	-	(2,503)

24 REVENUE

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue for the year from continuing operations.

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Consultancy income	284	415
ID & fit-out work	-	4
	284	419

25 OTHER INCOME

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Dividend income from associate	150	-
Gain on discontinued operation of subsidiaries	601	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	2,419	-
Government grant income	4	6
Other	232	602
	3,406	608

26 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Includes staff salaries, bonus, leave entitlement and compulsory funds contribution	161	129

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

27 FINANCE COSTS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Interest expense on finance leases	2	-
Loan interest expense	28	64
Total finance costs	30	64

Finance costs decreased by S\$34,729 to S\$30,135 in FY 2018. The disposal of a subsidiary during the financial year resulted in the Group being released from all indebtedness owed to bank and as a consequence the elimination of interest payments on the loan.

28 INCOME TAX

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Overprovision of deferred tax assets in prior years	-	-
Deferred tax (assets) / liabilities	-	-
Income tax (benefit) / expense	-	-

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Profit before tax from continuing operations	814	322
Income tax expense / benefit calculated at 17%	138	55
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	40	-
Effect of income not subject to tax in determining taxable profit	(522)	-
Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets	344	(55)
Income tax benefit recognised in profit or loss	-	-

At the reporting date the Group had unabsorbed tax losses of approximately S\$4.87 million (2017: S\$1.49 million) attributable to certain subsidiaries. These unabsorbed tax losses of the Group are available for offsetting against future taxable income.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the above tax loss carried forwards due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

The realisation of the future income tax benefits from tax loss carried forwards is available for an unlimited future period subject to the conditions imposed by the relevant tax authorities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

29 PROFIT FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Owner of the Company	(261)	40
Non-controlling interests	1,075	282
	<u>814</u>	<u>322</u>

Profit for the year from continuing operations has been arrived at after charging (crediting):

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation	172	359
Bad debts written off	1,171	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	65	-
Gain on discontinued operation of subsidiaries	(601)	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(2,419)	-
Reversal of provision for warranty	(54)	-

30 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted loss per share has been calculated using

(Loss) / Profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the parent (S\$'000)	<u>(261)</u>	<u>40</u>
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Weighted average number of ordinary shares (basic)

Issued ordinary shares at the beginning of the year (basic) ('000)	<u>85,963</u>	<u>85,963</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the year ('000)	<u>85,963</u>	<u>85,963</u>

Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted)

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at the end of the year ('000)	<u>85,963</u>	<u>85,963</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) at the end of the year ('000)	<u>85,963</u>	<u>85,963</u>

Earnings per share (Singapore cents):

- Basic	(0.30)	0.05
- Diluted	(0.30)	0.05

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

31 OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has identified its operating segments based on the internal reports that are reviewed and used by the board of directors (the chief operating decision makers) in assessing performance and determining the allocation of resources. The Group is managed primarily on a geographical basis. Operating segments are determined on the basis of financial information reported to the board which is at the consolidated entity level.

Accordingly, management currently identifies the Group as having only one reportable segment, being real estate agency. The financial results from this segment are equivalent to the financial statements of the consolidated Group as a whole.

32 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Minimum lease payments under operating leases recognised as an expense in the year	28	113

At the end of the reporting year, the Group has outstanding commitments under non-cancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Within one year	-	85
In the second to fifth year inclusive	-	362
	-	447

Operating lease payments represent rentals payable by the Group for rental of premises and copiers.

33 REMUNERATION OF AUDITORS

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Audit or review of the financial statements	42	51

The auditor of GPS Alliance Holdings Limited is Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

34 PARENT ENTITY INFORMATION

	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
<i>Financial position</i>		
Assets		
Current assets	72	34
Non-current assets	3,796	3,796
Total assets	3,868	3,830
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	538	91
Non-current liabilities	-	-
Total liabilities	538	91
Net Assets	3,330	3,739
Equity		
Issued capital	13,132	13,132
Accumulated losses	(9,848)	(9,405)
Foreign currency translation reserve	46	12
Total equity	3,330	3,739
<i>Financial performance</i>		
(Loss) / Profit	(133)	34
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(133)	34
<i>Guarantees entered into by the parent entity in relation to the debts of its subsidiaries</i>		
	2018 S\$'000	2017 S\$'000
Guarantee provided under the deed of cross guarantee ⁽ⁱ⁾	-	4,530
Guarantee provided under the deed of cross guarantee ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	-	1,832
Total Guarantee	-	6,362

(i) GPS Alliance Holdings Limited has entered into a deed of cross guarantee with one of its wholly-owned subsidiaries, GPS Alliance Development & Investment Pte Ltd.

(ii) GPS Alliance Holdings Limited has entered into a deed of cross guarantee with one of its 60% owned subsidiaries, Probuild Pte Ltd.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

35 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING YEAR

Subsequent to 31 December 2018, GPS Alliance Holdings Limited has received \$250,000 by way of a share placement from a sophisticated investor. Pursuant to a signed agreement with this investor further commitments of funds have been agreed. No other matters or circumstances have arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this Report of any item, transaction or event of a material or unusual nature, that in the opinion of the Directors of the Company, is likely to affect significantly the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group, in future financial years.

For personal use only

Additional Stock Exchange Information

Additional information as at 28 February 2019 required by the Australian Stock Exchange Listing Rules and not disclosed elsewhere in this report.

Home Exchange

The Company is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange. The Home Exchange is Sydney.

Substantial Holders

Holdings of substantial shareholders are set out below.

Ordinary Shares	Quantity
Yong Dennis	13,842,597
Hong Eng Leong	13,842,597
Wang Jinhui	9,750,000
Ang Ah Nui	7,967,115
Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	6,955,429

The number of holders in each class of securities

The numbers of holders in each class of securities on issue at 28 February 2019 were as follows:

Type of security	Number of holders	Quantity of securities
Ordinary shares	703	85,962,500

Class of Shares and Voting Rights

The voting rights attached to ordinary shares, as set out in the Company's Constitution, are that every member in person or by proxy, attorney or representative, shall have one vote on a show of hands and one vote for each share held on a poll.

A member holding partly paid shares is entitled to a fraction of a vote equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid up bears to the issue price for the share.

Distribution of Shareholders

As at 28 February 2019, the total distribution of fully paid shareholders, being the only class of equity, was as follows:

Range	Number of holders	Number of shares
1 - 1,000	218	114,401
1,001 - 5,000	329	717,163
5,001 - 10,000	58	425,415
10,001 - 100,000	69	1,813,306
100,001 and over	29	82,892,215
Total	703	85,962,500

Additional Stock Exchange Information

Unmarketable Parcels

As at 28 February 2019, 586 shareholders held less than marketable parcels of 1,079,894 shares.

Twenty Largest quoted Shareholders

As at 28 February 2019 the twenty largest quoted shareholders held 94.16% of the fully paid ordinary shares as follows:

	Name	Quantity	%
1	Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	16,314,002	18.98
2	Yong Dennis	13,842,597	16.10
3	Hong Eng Leong	13,842,597	16.10
4	Ms Wang Jinhui	9,750,000	11.34
5	Ang Ah Nui	7,967,115	9.27
6	Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)	6,955,429	8.09
7	Mr Peter Tan	2,191,260	2.55
8	Mr Anthony Chow Kee Yap	1,536,606	1.79
9	BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd <Uob Kay Hian Priv Ltd DRP>	1,045,720	1.22
10	BNP Paribas Noms Pty Ltd <DRP>	1,024,109	1.19
11	Tan Thiam Hee	811,815	0.94
12	Mr Wee Tat Teo	800,000	0.93
13	Mr Wei Chan	750,000	0.87
14	OH Keng Lim	660,335	0.77
15	Mr Eng Huat Hong	650,000	0.76
16	Ms Jiaojun Xu	650,000	0.76
17	Mr Wei Cheng Pan	650,000	0.76
18	Mr Malek Ali Abou Nouh	650,000	0.76
19	OH Koon Sun	468,325	0.54
20	OH Lian Ling	384,420	0.45
	Total	80,944,330	94.16

On Market Buy Back

There is no on market buy-back.

Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Lim Pang Hern (Jeffrey)

Executive Chairman

David Richard Laxton

Non-Executive Director

Andrew Skinner

Non-Executive Director

Marcelo Mora

Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary

AUSTRALIAN REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 904, 275 Alfred Street,
North Sydney, NSW 2060, Australia

Phone: (02) 8197 1188

Facsimile: (02) 8456 5708

AUSTRALIAN SHARE REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER OFFICE

Boardroom Pty Limited
Level 7, 207 Kent Street,
Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia
(02) 9290 9600

AUDITORS

Lo Surdo Braithwaite Audit and Assurance Pty Ltd

Level 5, 350 Kent Street, Sydney NSW 2000,

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

United Overseas Bank Limited

80 Raffles Place #11-00, UOB Plaza 1, Singapore 048624

DBS Bank Limited

12 Marina Boulevard, Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 3,
Singapore 018982

Our principal place of business is at

106 International Road Singapore 629175

Our Telephone number is (65) 6253 1110

Our Facsimile number is (65) 6256 1110

Our website address is www.gpsalliance.com.au

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that GPS Alliance Holdings Limited Annual General Meeting of members is to be convened at 106 International Road, Singapore 629175 on Thursday 30 May 2019 at 2:00 pm (Singapore time) /4:00 pm (AEST).

AGENDA

ORDINARY BUSINESS

Financial Statements

To receive and consider the Company's Annual Financial Report, the Directors' Report and the Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions, with or without amendment:

Resolution 1 Adoption of the Remuneration Report

'That the Remuneration Report for the year ended 31 December 2018 be and is hereby adopted.'

Resolution 2 Re-election of a Director

'That Marcelo Mora be and is hereby re-elected as a Director.'

Resolution 3 Ratification of Prior Issue Shares

'That the issue of 5,208,333 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 4 April 2019 for \$0.048 per share to Ms Sharon Lim be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4.'

Resolution 4 Ratification of Prior Issue Shares

'That the issue of 7,686,042 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company on 24 April 2019 for \$0.048 per share to Top Capital Securities Pte Ltd be and is hereby ratified for the purposes of ASX Listing Rules 7.4.'

Resolution 5 Approval of the Proposed Issue and allotment of Shares

'That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1, the proposed issue and allotment of up to 4,166,667 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum attached to this Notice of Meeting be and is hereby approved.'

Resolution 6 Issue of Shares to Related Parties

"That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 10.11 and all other purposes, approval is given for the Company to issue 10,294,126 fully paid ordinary shares to related parties in full and final satisfaction of amounts owing by the Company as at 31 December 2018 to related parties on account of management fees, rent and unpaid directors fees and company secretary's fees in the amount of \$494,118 on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Statement."

Resolution 7 Issue of Shares to Unrelated Parties

"That, for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1 and for all other purposes, approval is given for the Company to issue 1,068,583 fully paid ordinary shares to creditors of the Company who are unrelated parties in full and final satisfaction of amounts owing by the Company as at 31 December 2018 to such creditors in the amount of \$51,292 on the terms and conditions set out in the Explanatory Statement."

Resolution 8 Additional capacity to issue securities

'That the additional capacity to issue equity securities up to 10% of the issued capital of the Company as set out in the Explanatory Memorandum attached to this Notice of Meeting be and is hereby approved for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.'

To transact any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the Company's Constitution.

By order of the Board
Marcelo Mora
Company Secretary
30 April 2019

Explanatory Memorandum to the Notice of Annual General Meeting

This Explanatory Memorandum has been prepared to assist members to understand the business to be put to members at the Annual General Meeting to be held 106 International Road, Singapore 629175 on Thursday 30 May 2019 at 2:00 pm (Singapore time) / 4 pm (AEST).

Financial Report

The Financial Report, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018 will be laid before the meeting. There is no requirement for shareholders to approve these reports, however, the Chair of the meeting will allow a reasonable opportunity to ask the auditor questions about the conduct of the audit and the content of the Auditor's Report.

1. Adoption of the Remuneration Report

The Remuneration Report, which can be found on the Directors' Report of the Company's 2018 Annual Report, contains certain prescribed details, sets out the policy adopted by the Board of Directors and discloses the payments to Directors.

In accordance with section 250R of the Corporations Act, a resolution that the Remuneration Report be adopted must be put to the vote. The resolution is advisory only and does not bind the Directors or the Company.

Shareholders will be given a reasonable opportunity at the meeting to comment on and ask questions about the Company's Remuneration Report.

The Chair intends to exercise all undirected proxies in favour of Resolution 1. If the Chair of the Meeting is appointed as your proxy and you have not specified the way the Chair is to vote on Resolution 1, by signing and returning the Proxy Form, you are considered to have provided the Chair with an express authorisation for the Chair to vote the proxy in accordance with the Chair's intention.

Voting Exclusion Statement

Any member of the key management personnel of the Company's consolidated group whose remuneration details are included in the Remuneration Report (or a closely related party of any such member), may not vote, and the Company will disregard any votes cast in favour by or on behalf of such persons on Resolution 1, unless the vote is cast:

- as a proxy appointed in writing which specifies how the proxy is to vote on Resolution 1; or
- the proxy is the Chairman of the meeting, and:
 - the appointment does not specify the way the proxy is to vote on the resolution; and
 - the appointment expressly authorises the Chairman to exercise the proxy even if the resolution is connected directly or indirectly with the remuneration of the key management personnel.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of this advisory Resolution 1.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 1.

2. Re-election of Marcelo Mora

In accordance with Article 3.6 of the Company's Constitution and the Corporations Act, Marcelo Mora retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Mr Marcelo Mora holds a Bachelor of Business degree and Graduate Diploma of Applied Corporate Governance. Mr Mora has been a Director, Company Secretary and an accountant for more than 30 years and has experience in several industries including manufacturing, resources and mining companies both in Australia and internationally, providing financial reporting and corporate services to a range of publicly listed companies.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

The Chair of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 2.

3. Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 4 April 2019, the Company issued 5,208,333 ordinary shares to raise \$250,000. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules, and the issue of the shares did not breach ASX Listing Rule 7.1 at the time they were originally issued.

Resolution 3 seeks Shareholders ratification pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 7.4 of this share issue. By ratifying this issue, the Company will retain the flexibility to issue equity securities in the future up to the 15% annual placement capacity set out in ASX Listing Rule 7.1 without the requirement to obtain prior shareholders' approval.

For the purpose of Listing Rule 7.5, the following information is provided:

- Number of securities allotted: 5,208,333 on 4 April 2019.
- Issue price: \$0.048 per share.
- Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking *pari passu* with existing fully paid ordinary shares.
- Name of allottee: Ms Sharon Lim Ping, who is not a related party.
- Intended use of funds: For business development, working capital, ongoing activities and payment of liabilities.

Voting Exclusions on this Resolution:

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on this Resolution by or on behalf of Sharon Lim or an associate of Sharon Lim.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- (a) it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the proxy form; or
- (b) it is cast by the person Chairing the meeting as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 3.

4. Ratification of Prior Issue of Shares

On 24 April 2019, the Company issued 7,686,042 ordinary shares to raise \$368,930. The shares were issued under the 15% placement capacity under the Listing Rules, and the issue of the shares did not breach ASX Listing Rule 7.1 at the time they were originally issued.

Resolution 4 seeks Shareholders ratification pursuant to ASX Listing Rule 7.4 of this share issue. By ratifying this issue, the Company will retain the flexibility to issue equity securities in the future up to the 15% annual placement capacity set out in ASX Listing Rule 7.1 without the requirement to obtain prior shareholders' approval.

For the purpose of Listing Rule 7.5, the following information is provided:

- Number of securities allotted: 7,686,042 on 24 April 2019.
- Issue price: \$0.048 per share.
- Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking *pari passu* with existing fully paid ordinary shares.
- Name of allottee: Top Capital Securities Pte Ltd, who is not a related party.
- Intended use of funds: For business development, working capital and ongoing activities and payment of liabilities.

Voting Exclusions on this Resolution:

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on this Resolution by or on behalf of Top Capital Securities Pte Ltd or an associate of Top Capital Pte Ltd.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- (c) it is cast by a person as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the proxy form; or
- (d) it is cast by the person Chairing the meeting as a proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 4.

5. Approval of the Proposed Issue and allotment of Shares

Resolution 5 seeks the approval by shareholders of the issue and allotment of up to 4,166,667 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company as soon as practicable after the date of this Annual General Meeting. The issue will occur progressively and in any event, within 3 months of the date of this Annual General Meeting for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.1.

Details of the proposed issue and allotment, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.1 are as follows:

- Maximum number of securities to be issued: 4,166,667.
- Issue price: A\$0.048 per share.
- Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking *pari passu* with existing ordinary shares.
- Allottees: Professional and sophisticated investors.
- Allotment date: Within three months of the date of this Annual General Meeting.
- Intended use of funds: To provide funds for business development and working capital.

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on this Resolution by a person who is expected to participate in or who will obtain a material benefit as a result of the proposed issue, except a benefit solely in the capacity of a holder of ordinary securities.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the Proxy Form; or
- it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the Proxy Form to vote as the proxy decides

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 5.

6. Issue of Shares in satisfaction of debts

Resolutions 6 seeks the approval by shareholders of the issue of up to 10,294,126 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company as soon as practicable after the date of this Annual General Meeting to settle the following debt obligations with related parties (being unpaid directors' fees, management fees, company secretaries fees and rent in the total amount of \$494,118 including GST) (Related Party Debts).

The issue will occur in any event, within 1 month of the date of this Annual General Meeting for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.3

Details of the proposed issue and allotment, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.3 are as follows:

- Maximum number of securities to be issued: 10,294,126.
- Issue price: A\$0.048 per share.
- Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing ordinary shares.
- Allottees: As per the table below
- Allotment date: Within one month of the date of this Annual General Meeting.
- Intended use of funds: To settle debt obligations with related parties

	Total compromised amount (\$)	Shares to be issued
Related party debts		
Andrew Skinner	30,829	642,271
Marcelo Mora	30,363	632,563
David Laxton	31,822	662,958
Jeffrey Lim	77,755	1,619,896
Wang Jinhui	227,617	4,742,021
BD Krane	95,732	1,994,417
Total: Related Parties	494,118	10,294,126

Messrs Skinner, Mora, Laxton and Lim and BD Krane are related parties of the Company. Approval for the Debt Conversions is the subject of Resolutions 6 (for Related Party Debts) and 6 (for Unrelated party debts).

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 6 by a person who is to receive securities in relation to the Company, any person who might obtain a benefit, except a benefit solely in the capacity of a holder of ordinary securities, if the resolution is passed and any associate of that person.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the Proxy Form; or
- it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the Proxy Form to vote as the proxy decides

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 6.

7. Issue of Shares in satisfaction of debts

Resolutions 7 seeks the approval by shareholders of the issue of up to 1,068,583 fully paid ordinary shares in the Company as soon as practicable after the date of this Annual General Meeting to settle the following debt obligations with external parties in the total amount of \$51,292 including GST.

The issue will occur in any event, within 3 months of the date of this Annual General Meeting for the purposes of ASX Listing Rule 7.3

Details of the proposed issue and allotment, as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.3 are as follows:

- Maximum number of securities to be issued: 1,068,583.
- Issue price: A\$0.048 per share.
- Terms: Fully paid ordinary shares ranking pari passu with existing ordinary shares.
- Allottees: As per the table below
- Allotment date: Within three months of the date of this Annual General Meeting.
- Intended use of funds: To settle debt obligations with external parties

	Total compromised amount (\$)	Shares to be issued
Unrelated party debts		
See Mei Li	25,990	541,458
Tan Huan Cheow	12,154	253,208
Tan Huan Sin	13,148	273,917
Total: Unrelated Parties	51,292	1,068,583

Voting Exclusion Statement

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 7 by a person who is expected to participate in, or who will obtain a material benefit as a result of, the proposed issue except a benefit solely by reason of being holder of ordinary securities, or any of their associates of that person.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the Proxy Form; or
- it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the Proxy Form to vote as the proxy decides

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 7.

8. Approval of additional capacity to issue securities

ASX Listing Rule 7.1A enables the Company to issue equity securities up to 10% of its issued share capital through placements over a 12 month period after the AGM ('10% Placement Facility'). The 10% Placement Facility is in addition to the Company's 15% placement capacity under ASX Listing Rule 7.1.

Resolution 8, which is a Special Resolution requiring 75% of votes cast to be in favour of the resolution, seeks shareholder approval for the Company to have the ability to issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility on the following terms:

(a) Placement Period

Shareholder approval of the 10% Placement Facility is valid from the date of the AGM and expires on the earlier of:

- (i) the date that is 12 months after the date of the AGM; or
- (ii) the date of the approval by shareholders of a transaction under ASX Listing Rules 11.1.2 (a significant change to the nature or scale of activities) or 11.2 (disposal of main undertaking).

(b) Equity Securities

Any equity securities issued under the 10% Placement Facility must be in the same class as an existing quoted class of equity securities of the Company which, in the Company's case, are fully paid ordinary shares.

(c) The formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility.

The maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is calculated as follows:

$$(A \times D) - E$$

Where: *A* is the number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue 12 months before the date of issue or agreement:

- (i) plus the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued in the 12 months under an exception in ASX Listing Rule 7.2;
- (ii) plus the number of partly paid ordinary shares that became fully paid in the 12 months;
- (iii) plus the number of fully paid shares issued in the 12 months with the approval of holders of shares under Listing Rule 7.1 and 7.4;
- (iii) less the number of fully paid shares cancelled in the 12 months.

D is 10%.

E is the number of fully paid ordinary shares issued or agreed to be issued under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2 in the 12 months before the date of the issue or agreement to issue that are not issued with the approval of shareholders under ASX Listing Rules 7.1 or 7.4.

The current maximum number of shares, as at the date of this meeting, that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility is 8,596,250. The Company's current capacity to issue securities as at the date of the meeting pursuant to listing rule 7.1 is nil.

(d) Minimum Issue Price

The minimum issue price of equity securities issued for the purpose of Listing Rule 7.1.A.3 must be not less than 75% of the volume weighted average price of equity securities in the same class calculated over the 15 trading days on which trades were recorded immediately before:

- (i) the date on which the price at which the equity securities are to be issued is agreed; or
- (ii) if the equity securities are not issued within 5 trading days of the date in paragraph (i) above, the date on which the equity securities are issued.

(e) Risk of Economic and Voting Dilution

If Resolution 8 is approved by shareholders and the Company issues equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility, the existing shareholders' voting power in the Company will be diluted as shown in the table below. Further, there is a risk that:

- (i) the market price for the Company's equity securities may be significantly lower on the date of the issue of the equity securities than on the date of the AGM; and
- (ii) the equity securities may be issued at a price that is at a discount to the market price for the Company's equity securities on the issue date.

Because variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility, and consequently the number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility, can change during the Placement Period, the table below shows a matrix of scenarios of the potential dilution of existing shareholders as at the date of the AGM on the basis of:

- (i) the issue price of equity securities being the current approximate market price of fully paid ordinary shares, plus 50% and minus 50%; and
- (ii) the maximum number of shares that can be issued under the 10% Placement Facility in accordance with the definition of Variable A in the formula for calculating 10% Placement Facility increasing by 50% and 100%.

Variable A in 10% Placement Facility under ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.2	Voting Dilution and Placement Facility Capacity	Issue Price and Funds Raised		
		50% Decrease in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.03	Current Approximate Market Price \$0.05*	50% Increase in Current Approximate Market Price \$0.08
Current Variable A 85,962,500 shares	10% 8,596,250 Shares	\$214,906	\$429,813	\$644,719
50% increase in current Variable A 128,943,750 shares	13.0% 12,894,375 Shares	\$322,359	\$644,719	\$967,078
100% increase in current Variable A 171,925,000 shares	16.7% 17,192,500 shares	\$429,813	\$859,625	\$1,289,438

*The current approximate market price of \$0.05 was the closing price as at 23 April 2019.

As an example, if variable A is increased to 171,925,000 shares, the 10% Placement Facility capacity is 17,192,500 shares and therefore the dilution of existing shares as at the date of the AGM, being 85,962,500 shares, is calculated as:

$$17,192,500 \div (85,962,500 + 17,192,500) = 16.7\%$$

(f) Other Matters

The approval under Listing Rule 7.1A ceases to be valid in the event that shareholders approve a transaction under Listing Rule 11.1.2 or 11.2

The Company may issue equity securities under the 10% Placement Facility for cash consideration to support the Company's business development, ongoing activities and working capital or non-cash consideration for the acquisition of compatible business opportunities which may arise. In such circumstances, the Company will provide a valuation of the non-cash consideration as required by ASX Listing Rule 7.1A.

The Company's allocation policy is dependent on the prevailing market conditions at the time of any proposed issue pursuant to the 10% Placement Facility. As there is no issue currently proposed, the identity of the allottees is not currently known and will be determined on a case-by-case basis at the time of allotment, having regard to factors including, but not limited to, the following:

- (i) the methods of raising funds that are available to the Company, including but not limited to, rights issues or other issues in which existing security holders can participate;
- (ii) the effect of the issue of the equity securities on the control of the Company;
- (iii) the financial situation and solvency of the Company; and
- (iv) advice from corporate, financial and broking advisers (if applicable).

The allottees under the 10% Placement Facility have not currently been determined but may include existing substantial shareholders and/or new shareholders who are not related parties or associates of a related party of the Company.

The Company has not obtained Shareholder approval under Listing Rule 7.1A at its 2017 Annual General Meeting, and no equity securities have been issued under the 10% Placement Facility during the past 12 months.

The Company issued a total of 12,894,375 equity securities made up of ordinary fully paid shares in the 12 months preceding the date of this Annual General Meeting which based on the number of Equity Securities on issue at the commencement of that period represents 15% of the Company's Equity Securities.

Further details of the issues of Equity Securities by the Company during the 12 months period preceding the date of the meeting are set out in Appendix "A" on page 9 of this Explanatory Memorandum.

Information relating to the issue of Equity Securities in the preceding 12 months is as follows:

- Number of securities issued: 12,894,375;
- Class of securities issued: Ordinary fully paid shares;
- Issued of the Securities: To a professional and sophisticated investor;
- Issue price:
 - 5,208,333 shares were issued at \$0.048 per share and the closing price on the date of the issue was \$0.06;
 - 7,686,042 shares were issued at \$0.048 per share and the closing price on the date of the issue was \$0.05;
- The issue was for cash: The total cash consideration received was \$618,930 and will be used for business development, for working capital, payment of ongoing activities and payment of liabilities.

Voting Exclusion:

The Company will disregard any votes cast in favour on this Resolution by a person who may participate in the proposed issue and a person who might obtain a benefit, except a benefit solely in the capacity of a holder of ordinary securities, if the resolution is passed and any associate of that person.

However, the Company need not disregard a vote if:

- it is cast by a person as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with the directions on the proxy form; or
- it is cast by the person chairing the meeting as proxy for a person who is entitled to vote, in accordance with a direction on the proxy form to vote as the proxy decides.

The Directors recommend that you vote IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

The Chairman of the Meeting intends to vote undirected proxies IN FAVOUR of Resolution 8.

Appendix "A"

Issue of Equity Securities since 30 May 2018

Date	Number of Equity Securities	Class of Equity Securities and summary of terms	Names of recipients or basis on which recipients determined	Issue price of Equity Securities and discount to market price on the trading day prior to the issue	Form of Consideration
4 April 2019	5,208,333	Ordinary shares	Ms Sharon Lim Ping	\$0.048 Represent a discount of 20% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$250,000 was used for business development, working capital, ongoing activities and payment of liabilities.
24 April 2019	7,686,042	Ordinary shares	Top Capital Securities Pte Ltd	\$0.048 Represent a discount of 20% to the market price	Cash consideration of \$368,930 was used for business development, working capital, ongoing activities and payment of liabilities..



All Correspondence to:

-  **By Mail:** Boardroom Pty Limited
GPO Box 3993
Sydney NSW 2001 Australia
-  **By Fax:** +61 2 9290 9655
-  **Online:** www.boardroomlimited.com.au
-  **By Phone:** (within Australia) 1300 737 760
(outside Australia) +61 2 9290 9600

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

For your vote to be effective it must be recorded **before 2:00pm (Singapore Time) / 4:00pm (AEST) on Tuesday 28 May 2019.**



TO VOTE ONLINE

STEP 1: VISIT www.votingonline.com.au/gpsallianceagm2019

STEP 2: Enter your Postcode OR Country of Residence (if outside Australia)

STEP 3: Enter your Voting Access Code (VAC):



BY SMARTPHONE



Scan QR Code using smartphone
QR Reader App

TO VOTE BY COMPLETING THE PROXY FORM

STEP 1 APPOINTMENT OF PROXY

Indicate who you want to appoint as your Proxy.

If you wish to appoint the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, mark the box. If you wish to appoint someone other than the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy please write the full name of that individual or body corporate. If you leave this section blank, or your named proxy does not attend the meeting, the Chair of the Meeting will be your proxy. A proxy need not be a securityholder of the company. Do not write the name of the issuer company or the registered securityholder in the space.

Appointment of a Second Proxy

You are entitled to appoint up to two proxies to attend the meeting and vote. If you wish to appoint a second proxy, an additional Proxy Form may be obtained by contacting the company's securities registry or you may copy this form.

To appoint a second proxy you must:

- complete two Proxy Forms. On each Proxy Form state the percentage of your voting rights or the number of securities applicable to that form. If the appointments do not specify the percentage or number of votes that each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half your votes. Fractions of votes will be disregarded.
- return both forms together in the same envelope.

STEP 2 VOTING DIRECTIONS TO YOUR PROXY

To direct your proxy how to vote, mark one of the boxes opposite each item of business. All your securities will be voted in accordance with such a direction unless you indicate only a portion of securities are to be voted on any item by inserting the percentage or number that you wish to vote in the appropriate box or boxes. If you do not mark any of the boxes on a given item, your proxy may vote as he or she chooses. If you mark more than one box on an item for all your securities your vote on that item will be invalid.

Proxy which is a Body Corporate

Where a body corporate is appointed as your proxy, the representative of that body corporate attending the meeting must have provided an "Appointment of Corporate Representative" prior to admission. An Appointment of Corporate Representative form can be obtained from the company's securities registry.

In accordance with regulation 7.11.37 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth), that the Company's shares quoted on the ASX Limited at 7.00 pm Sydney time on 28 May 2019 are taken, for the purposes of the Annual General Meeting to be held by the persons who held them at that time. Accordingly, those persons are entitled to attend and vote (if not excluded) at the meeting.

STEP 4 SIGN THE FORM

The form **must** be signed as follows:

Individual: This form is to be signed by the Securityholder.

Joint Holding: where the holding is in more than one name, all the Securityholders should sign.

Power of Attorney: to sign under a Power of Attorney, you must have already lodged it with the registry. Alternatively, attach a certified photocopy of the Power of Attorney to this form when you return it.

Companies: this form must be signed by a Director jointly with either another Director or a Company Secretary. Where the company has a Sole Director who is also the Sole Company Secretary, this form should be signed by that person. **Please indicate the office held by signing in the appropriate place.**

STEP 5 LODGEMENT

Proxy forms (and any Power of Attorney under which it is signed) must be received no later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting, therefore by **2:00pm (Singapore Time) / 4:00pm (AEST) on Tuesday 28 May 2019**. Any Proxy Form received after that time will not be valid for the scheduled meeting.

Proxy forms may be lodged using the enclosed Reply Paid Envelope or:



Online

www.votingonline.com.au/gpsallianceagm2019



By Fax

+61 2 9290 9655



By Mail

Boardroom Pty Limited
GPO Box 3993,
Sydney NSW 2001 Australia



In Person

Boardroom Pty Limited
Level 12, 225 George Street,
Sydney NSW 2000 Australia

Attending the Meeting

If you wish to attend the meeting please bring this form with you to assist registration.

GPS Alliance Holdings Limited

ACN 163 013 947

☐

Your Address

This is your address as it appears on the company's share register. If this is incorrect, please mark the box with an "X" and make the correction in the space to the left. Securityholders sponsored by a broker should advise their broker of any changes. **Please note, you cannot change ownership of your securities using this form.**

PROXY FORM

STEP 1 APPOINT A PROXY

I/We being a member/s of **GPS Alliance Holdings Limited (Company)** and entitled to attend and vote hereby appoint:

☐

the **Chair of the Meeting** (mark box)

OR if you are **NOT** appointing the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy, please write the name of the person or body corporate (excluding the registered securityholder) you are appointing as your proxy below

or failing the individual or body corporate named, or if no individual or body corporate is named, the Chair of the Meeting as my/our proxy at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at **106 International Road, Singapore 629175 on Thursday 30 May 2019 at 2:00pm (Singapore Time) / 4:00pm (AEST)** and at any adjournment of that meeting, to act on my/our behalf and to vote in accordance with the following directions or if no directions have been given, as the proxy sees fit.

Chair of the Meeting authorised to exercise undirected proxies on remuneration related matters: If I/we have appointed the Chair of the Meeting as my/our proxy or the Chair of the Meeting becomes my/our proxy by default and I/we have not directed my/our proxy how to vote in respect of Resolution 1, I/we expressly authorise the Chair of the Meeting to exercise my/our proxy in respect of Resolution 1 even though Resolution 1 is connected with the remuneration of a member of the key management personnel for GPS Alliance Holdings Limited.

The Chair of the Meeting will vote all undirected proxies in favour of all Items of business (including Resolution 1). If you wish to appoint the Chair of the Meeting as your proxy with a direction to vote against, or to abstain from voting on an item, you must provide a direction by marking the 'Against' or 'Abstain' box opposite that resolution.

STEP 2 VOTING DIRECTIONS

* If you mark the Abstain box for a particular item, you are directing your proxy not to vote on your behalf on a show of hands or on a poll and your vote will not be counted in calculating the required majority if a poll is called.

	For	Against	Abstain*
Resolution 1 Adoption of the Remuneration Report	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 2 Re-election of Marcelo Mora	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 3 Ratification of Prior issued 5,208,333 shares	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 4 Ratification of Prior issued 7,686,042 shares	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 5 Approval of Proposed Issue 4,166,667 shares	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 6 Issue of shares to related parties upon debt conversion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 7 Issue of shares to unrelated parties upon debt conversion	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Resolution 8 <u>Approval of additional capacity to issue equity securities</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

STEP 3 SIGNATURE OF SECURITYHOLDERS

This form must be signed to enable your directions to be implemented.

Individual or Securityholder 1

Sole Director and Sole Company Secretary

Individual or Securityholder 2

Director

Individual or Securityholder 3

Director / Company Secretary

Contact Name.....

Contact Daytime Telephone.....

Date / / 2019